






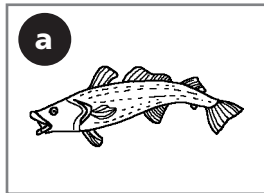
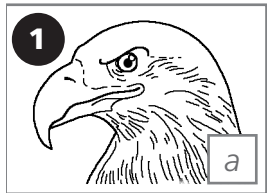


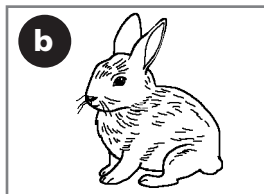
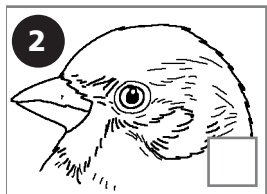
1 **A** Look at the pictures and complete the text.

Birds are  vertebrates. Like mammals, birds breathe in oxygen from the air with their  _____. Birds can be carnivores,  _____ or omnivores. They're oviparous, which means that they lay  _____. All birds are covered in  _____ and have  _____, but not all birds can fly! All birds have a  _____.

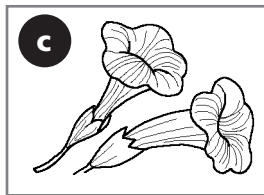
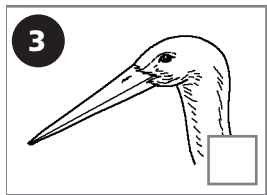
2 **A** Match the type of beak to the food. Write sentences.



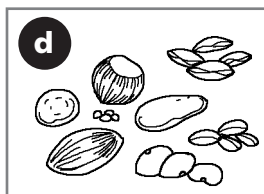
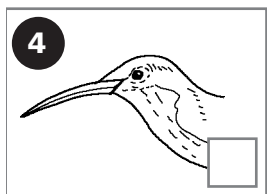
1 A hooked beak is for _____
tearing meat



2 A short beak _____



3 _____



4 _____

- Ask the pupils to look at the pictures and complete the gaps in the sentences.
- Then, ask them to look at the pictures of the birds and elicit what type of beak each bird has.
- Ask the pupils what type of food they think each bird eats.
- They should match the pictures of the beaks to the pictures of the types of food and then write sentences about each type of beak and what it is used for.